

兔抗 H1-2 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 H1-2 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-H1-2 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：H1.2 linker histone, cluster member; H1C; H1.2; H1

相关类别：一抗

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

宿主：Rabbit

抗原：H1-2

反应种属：Human

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

Histones are basic nuclear proteins responsible for nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H1 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the large histon

	e gene cluster on chromosome 6. [provided by RefSeq, August 2015]
Applications:	ELISA, WB
Name of antibody:	H1-2
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human H1-2
Full name:	H1.2 linker histone, cluster member
Synonyms:	H1C; H1.2; H1F2; H1s-1; HIST1H1C
SwissProt:	P16403
WB Predicted band size:	21 kDa
WB Positive control:	Jurkat cell lysate
WB Recommended dilution:	500-2000

