

## APEH 抗原（重组蛋白）

中文名称：APEH 抗原（重组蛋白）

英文名称：APEH Antigen (Recombinant Protein)

别名：acylaminoacyl-peptide hydrolase; APH; OPH; AARE; ACPH; D3S48E; D3F15S2; DNF15S2

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

相关类别：抗原

概述：

Fusion protein corresponding to a region derived from 433-732 amino acids of human APEH

技术规格：

<b>Full name:</b>	acylaminoacyl-peptide hydrolase
<b>Synonyms:</b>	APH; OPH; AARE; ACPH; D3S48E; D3F15S2; DNF15S2
<b>Swissprot:</b>	P13798
<b>Gene Accession:</b>	BC000362
<b>Purity:</b>	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
<b>Expression system:</b>	Escherichia coli
<b>Tags:</b>	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
<b>Background:</b>	This gene encodes the enzyme acylpeptide hydrolase, which catalyzes the hydrolysis of the terminal acetylated amino acid preferentially from small acetylated peptides. The acetyl amino acid formed by this hydrolase is further processed to acetate and a free amino acid by an aminoacylase. This gene is located within the same region of chromosome 3 (3p21) as the aminoacylase gene, and deletions at this locus are also associated with a decrease in aminoacylase activity. The acylpeptide hydrolase is a homotetrameric protein of 300 kDa with each subunit consisting of 732 amino acid residues. It can play

an important role in destroying oxidatively damaged proteins in living cells. Deletions of this gene locus are found in various types of carcinomas, including small cell lung carcinoma and renal cell carcinoma.