

兔抗 BAX(Ab-167) 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 BAX(Ab-167) 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-BAX(Ab-167) rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名： BCL2L4

相关类别： 一抗

储存： 冷冻（-20℃） 避光

宿主： Rabbit

抗原： BAX(Ab-167)

反应种属： Human Mouse

标记物： Unconjugate

克隆类型： Unconjugate

技术规格

Background:	The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the BCL 2 protein family. BCL2 family members form hetero- or homodimers and act as anti- or pro-apoptotic regulators that are involved in a wide variety of cellular activities. This protein forms a heterodimer with BCL2, and functions as an apoptotic activator. This protein is reported to interact with, and increase the opening of, the mitochondrial voltage-dependent anion channel (VDAC), which leads to the loss in membrane potential and the release of cytochrome c.
Applications:	WB, IF
Name of antibody:	BAX(Ab-167)
Immunogen:	Synthesized non-phosphopeptide derived from human

	Bax around the phosphorylation site of threonine 167 (F-G-T(p)-P-T).
Full name:	BCL2-associated X protein
Synonyms :	BCL2L4
SwissProt:	Q07812
WB Predicted band size:	21 kDa
WB Positive control:	HepG2 cells lysate
WB Recommended dilution:	500-3000
IF positive control:	LOVO cells
IF Recommend dilution:	100-500



